SMARTART

SmartArt refers to the range of graphics available in Word that you can use to create diagrams such as flow charts, process charts, organisation charts, and the like. Select a SmartArt graphic from the gallery and then customise it to suit your needs. SmartArt helps you to create professional-looking diagrams in minutes.

In this session you will:

- ✓ gain an understanding of *SmartArt*
- ✓ learn how to insert a *SmartArt* graphic
- ✓ learn how to insert text into a *SmartArt* graphic
- ✓ learn how to indent text
- ✓ learn how to change the **SmartArt** style
- learn how to change colours in a SmartArt graphic
- ✓ learn how to change the layout of a SmartArt graphic
- ✓ learn how to add more shapes to a *SmartArt* graphic
- ✓ learn how to resize a *SmartArt* graphic.

UNDERSTANDING SMARTART

SmartArt allows you to visually communicate important ideas and information. For example, you can use SmartArt graphics to depict processes, hierarchies, relationships and so on.

By using SmartArt to communicate information, you can create visually-appealing diagrams that can say so much more than words alone.

How To Use SmartArt

SmartArt can be a simple flowchart depicting a process or a complex arrangement of shapes and lines used to show relationships. To work with SmartArt, simply select a *layout* from the SmartArt gallery that most closely represents the way you want to structure your information, and then customise the SmartArt graphic by adding text and formatting shapes. The picture to the right is an example of a SmartArt graphic used to list a range of complementary fuels. Presented in this way, dry subject matter suddenly becomes an interesting read.

The SmartArt Tools: Design tab

When you insert SmartArt into your document, two tabs appear – *SmartArt Tools: Design* and *SmartArt Tools: Format*. The *Design* tab allows you to edit SmartArt by adding shapes, bullets or text and shuffling shapes around by promoting or demoting them. It also allows you to choose alternative layouts, colours and styles to the default setting. If you change your mind about the changes you have applied, you can easily revert back to the default state by using the *Reset Graphic* option in the *Reset* group.

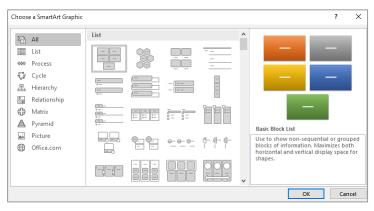
The SmartArt Tools: Format tab

The *SmartArt Tools: Format* tab, as displayed below, allows you to make shapes larger or smaller, change the colour of the outline or fill of your shapes and add effects to the shapes and/or text. You can also position your SmartArt on the page.

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The SmartArt Gallery

SmartArt graphics are available from the **SmartArt** gallery. Click on a **category** in the left pane to view a range of **layouts** for that category in the centre pane. Click on a layout to **preview** it in the right pane.

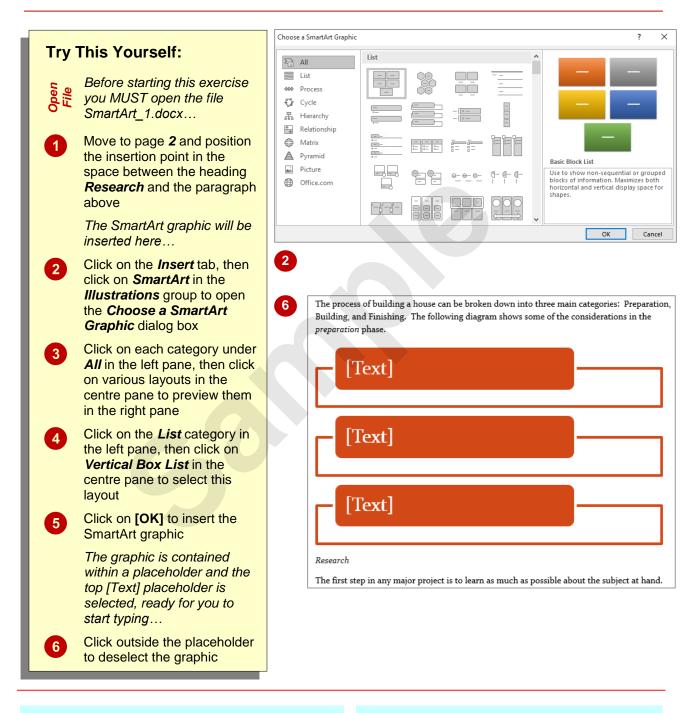


- *List:* For items without a sequence, such as a list of key objects or concepts.
- **Process:** For items or steps with a specific sequence and end point.
- *Cycle:* For steps with a continuing sequence.
- **Relationship:** To illustrate relationships between things, such as objects and people.
- *Matrix:* For grid-like diagrams.
- *Pyramid:* For a hierarchy of items, like the traditional food pyramid.
- *Picture:* To create picture galleries and collages, for example.

INSERTING A SMARTART GRAPHIC

To create diagrams using SmartArt graphics, you first need to open the *SmartArt* gallery. You then select a layout from one of the eight categories that will best depict the information you want to

convey. Once you insert the graphic, you can then insert text and format the shapes as required.



For Your Reference...

To insert a SmartArt graphic:

- Click on the *Insert* tab, then click on *SmartArt* in the *Illustrations* group
- 2. Click on a category in the left pane
- 3. Click on a layout, then click on **[OK]**

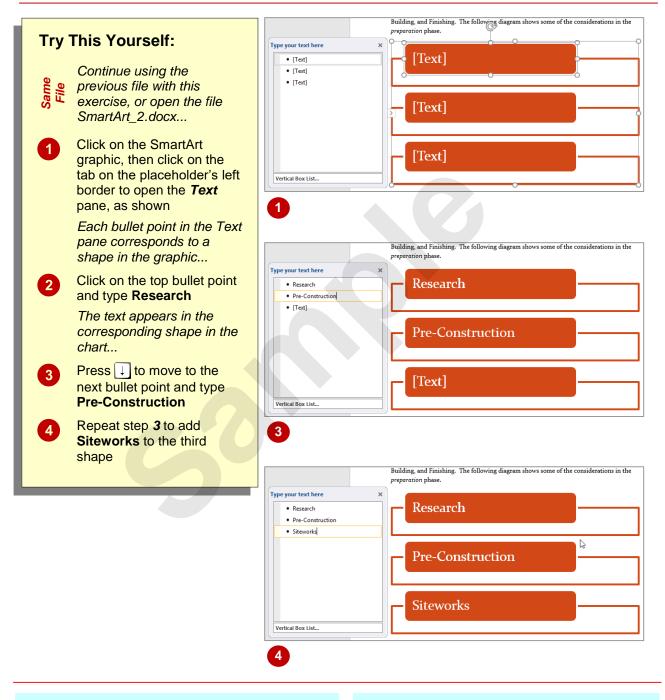
Handy to Know...

 Choosing a SmartArt layout is just a starting point for your illustration. You can add or remove SmartArt objects and text as needed and the elements in the diagram will resize automatically.

INSERTING TEXT

Text is inserted into text placeholders within the corresponding shape. There are two ways to insert text into a SmartArt graphic. You can click on the **[Text]** placeholder and start typing, or

display the **Text** pane and type your text into it. Typing text into the **Text** pane is generally the quicker method as you don't need to select each shape before you type your text.



For Your Reference...

To insert text into a SmartArt graphic:

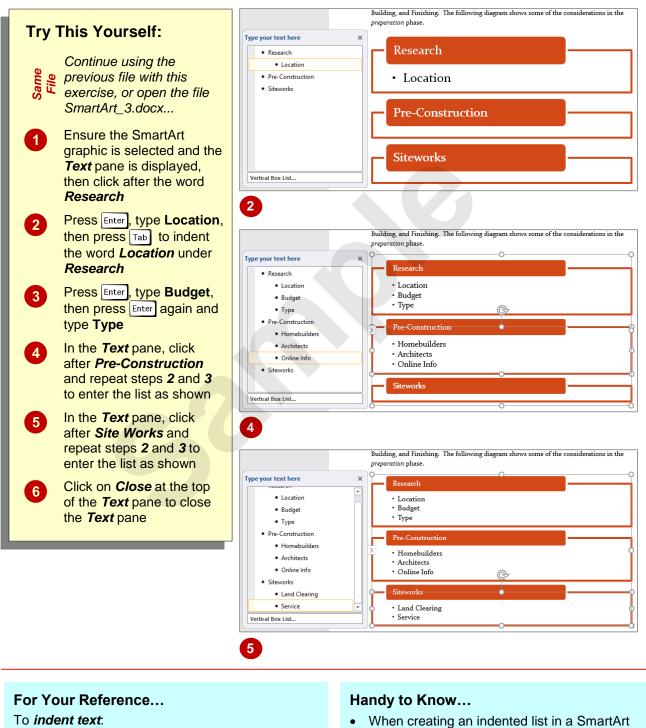
- 1. Click on the SmartArt graphic to display the placeholder, then click on the tab on the left border of the placeholder
- 2. Type the text, using the arrow keys to move between entries (shapes)

Handy to Know...

- To display and hide the *Text* pane, click on the SmartArt graphic to display its placeholder, then click on the *SmartArt Tools: Design* tab and click on *Text Pane* in the *Create Graphic* group.
- You can add a shape by pressing Enter in the text pane.

INDENTING TEXT

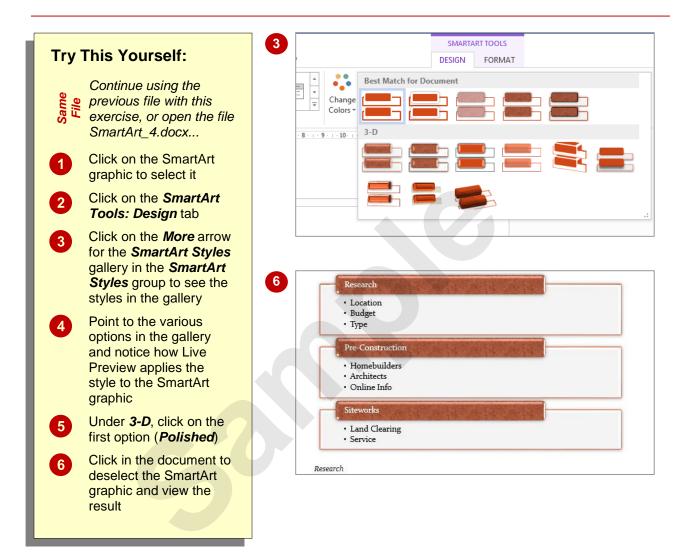
When adding text to a SmartArt shape, you may want to indent text so that you can create a list or simply an indented paragraph. Fortunately indenting text in a SmartArt shape is easy. By using the text pane you can create indented text by pressing Tab, as demonstrated in the exercise below.



- 1. In the *Text* pane press Enter, then press Tab
- 2. Type the text as required
- 3. Press Enter to create another indented entry
- When creating an indented list in a SmartArt graphic, you can create further indented levels by pressing Enter + Tab again.
- You can outdent indented text by clicking in the appropriate bullet in the *Text* pane and pressing *Shift* + *Tab*.

CHANGING THE SMARTART STYLE

A quick and easy way to add a professionally designed combination of effects to your SmartArt graphic is by applying a *SmartArt Style*. SmartArt Styles include fills, edges, shadows, line styles, gradients, and 3-D perspectives and are applied to the entire SmartArt graphic. You can also apply an individual Shape style to one or more shapes in your SmartArt graphic.



For Your Reference...

To change the SmartArt style:

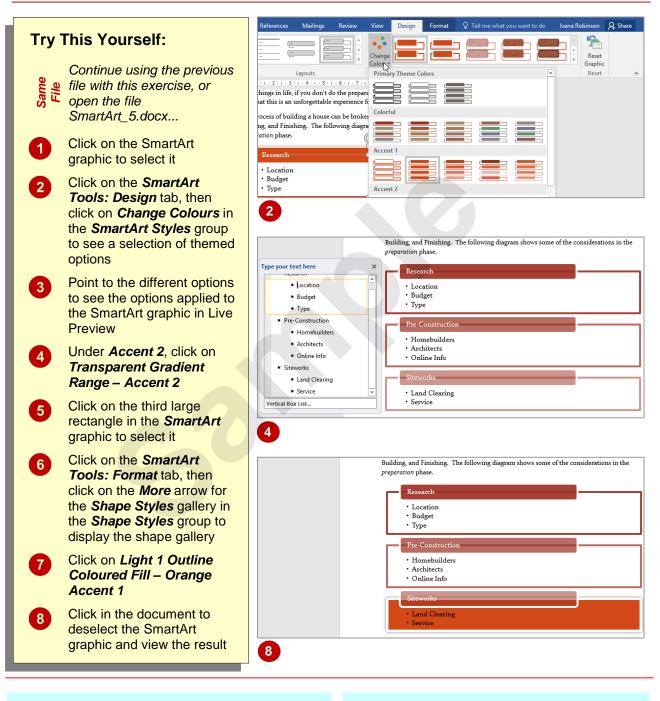
- 1. Click in the SmartArt graphic to select it
- 2. Click on the **SmartArt Tools: Design** tab
- Click on the desired SmartArt Style in the SmartArt Styles group

Handy to Know...

- If you customise your SmartArt graphic and then apply a *SmartArt Style* that formats the same aspects of your document, your customisation will be lost.
- The *SmartArt Styles* that are available depend on the underlying document theme.

CHANGING SMARTART COLOURS

You can easily change the colours of the entire SmartArt graphic or just one shape in it by using the contextual tabs that appear when a SmartArt graphic is selected. The **SmartArt Tools**: **Design** tab contains options that will change the entire SmartArt graphic, while the **SmartArt Tools: Format** tab contains options for working on the selected shape within the SmartArt graphic.



For Your Reference...

To change the colours of a SmartArt graphic:

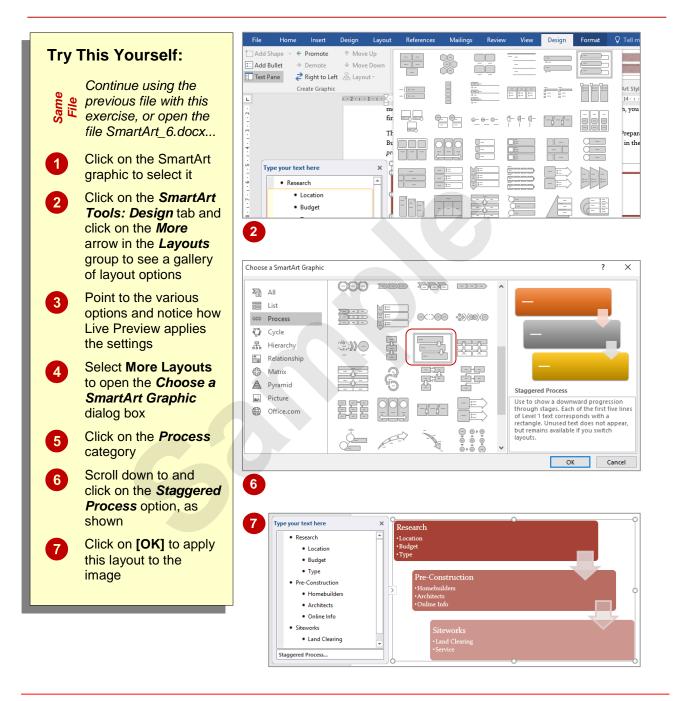
- 1. Click on the SmartArt graphic to select it
- Click on the SmartArt Tools: Design tab, then click on Change Colours in the SmartArt Styles group
- 3. Click on a themed colour scheme

Handy to Know...

 If you don't like the formatting that you've applied to a SmartArt graphic, you can reset the image by clicking on *Reset Graphic* in the *Reset* group on the *SmartArt Tools: Design* tab.

CHANGING A SMARTART LAYOUT

As usual with Microsoft features like SmartArt, you aren't locked into a particular style or formatting feature. In fact these can easily be changed without any threat to or fear of losing data. There are dozens and dozens of layouts available for your SmartArt, and even though you may have entered your text, you can opt for another layout at any stage.



For Your Reference...

To change a SmartArt layout:

- 1. Click on the SmartArt graphic to select it
- 2. Click on the *SmartArt Tools: Design* tab, then click on a layout in the *Layouts* group

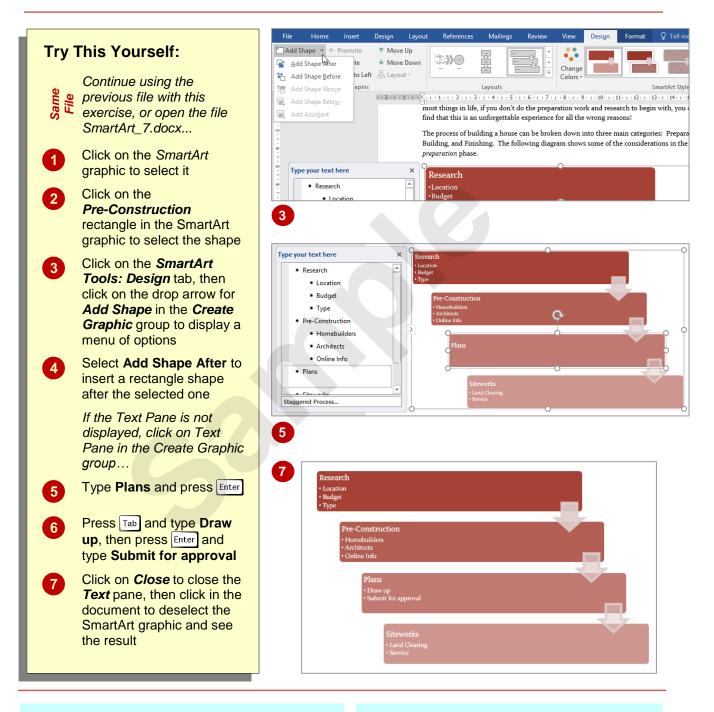
Handy to Know...

 When the font size in one shape shrinks because you add more text to a shape in a SmartArt graphic, all of the other text in the remaining shapes will reduce to the same size to keep the SmartArt graphic looking consistent and professional.

ADDING MORE SHAPES TO SMARTART

Once you have created a SmartArt graphic, you can manipulate the content and the structure of the layout using the *Create Graphic* group on the *SmartArt Tools: Design* tab. You can add

extra shapes, promote or demote bullets, add extra bullets and even change the alignment of the SmartArt graphic between left and right display.



For Your Reference...

To *insert another shape* into a *SmartArt* graphic:

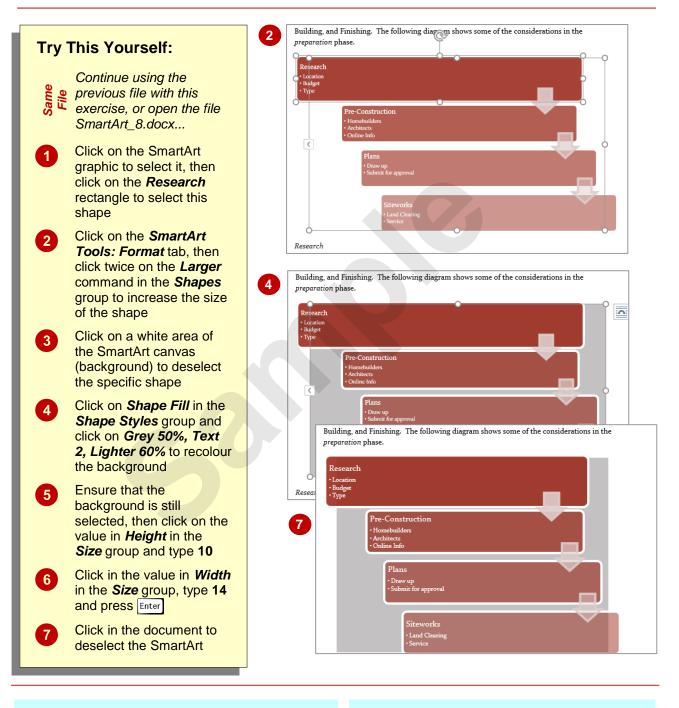
- 1. Click on a shape in the *SmartArt* graphic to select it
- Click on the SmartArt Tools: Design tab, then click on the drop arrow for Add Shape in the Create Graphic group
- 3. Select Add Shape After

Handy to Know...

- If you click on *Add Shape* in the *Create Graphic* group (rather than on its drop arrow), a new shape will automatically be added after the selected shape.
- You can *delete* a shape by selecting it and pressing Del. The remaining SmartArt objects will adjust automatically.

RESIZING SMARTART

You may decide that a SmartArt graphic would look better somewhere else in a document or perhaps you want to change its dimensions on the page. You can quickly and easily resize and move the entire SmartArt graphic or individual elements/shapes. Where possible, Word tries to readjust the text within the SmartArt graphic to suit its new dimensions.



For Your Reference...

To resize SmartArt elements:

- 1. Click on the SmartArt Tools: Format tab
- Click on *Larger* or *Smaller* in the *Shapes* group for selected shapes, or Click on *Height* and/or *Width* in the *Size* group for the entire SmartArt graphic

Handy to Know...

• You can resize SmartArt elements by dragging the selection handles that appear when a shape is selected in the SmartArt graphic.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A *table of contents* is inserted towards the beginning of the document as a list of the headings in the document, and is designed to help readers navigate to relevant parts of the document. A table of contents will also include the page number of the heading.

In Word you can generate a table of contents that will update automatically, as long as you have applied the relevant *styles* to your headings.

In this session you will:

- ✓ gain an understanding of tables of contents
- \checkmark learn how to insert a built-in table of contents
- ✓ learn how to navigate with a table of contents
- learn how to update page numbers
- learn how to update a table of contents
- learn how to customise a table of contents
- learn how to format a table of contents.

UNDERSTANDING TABLES OF CONTENTS

A table of contents is located near the beginning of a document and contains a list of headings within that document, as well as a page number reference for each heading. A table of contents enables a reader to easily navigate the document and is particularly useful in long documents. It can be updated automatically when changes have been made to the document.

Understanding Styles And Tables Of Contents

To understand how Word generates a table of contents, you must also have an understanding of styles and how they enable you to quickly insert and update a table of contents.

Word will generate a table of contents by looking for any headings (or text) that have the default *Heading* styles applied, such as *Heading 1*, *Heading 2*, and so on.

These nine levels of default *Heading* styles offer nine levels of headings and subheadings that you can include in a table of contents. You can also choose which of these heading levels (that is, how many levels) you want to include in the table of contents. You can find Word's default *Heading* styles in the *Styles* group on the *Home* tab, and these can be modified to suit the requirements of the document.

The default *Heading* styles are contained within the *Normal.dotm* template, so any document that you create based on this template will contain these default styles. If you have developed your own template and these styles no longer exist in the template, make sure to rename the existing heading styles as *Heading 1*, *Heading 2* and so on, so that Word can recognise these for inclusion in the table of contents. Alternatively, you may prefer to copy the default *Heading* styles from *Normal.dotm* and modify them as required. To copy styles between templates and documents, click on the *Developer* tab, then click on *Document Template* to display the *Templates and Add-Ins* dialog box. Click on [Organiser], and ensure that the styles list for *Normal.dotm* appears in the right pane. Select the headings styles in *Normal.dotm*, then click on [Copy] to copy the styles to the current template or document. Click on [Close] when finished.

You can also **assign** custom styles to levels where you are required to use, for instance, in-house styles. Do this by clicking on **[Options]** in the **Table of Contents** dialog box, then assigning a level (1, 2, 3 and so on) to the relevant custom style.

Options For Inserting A Table Of Contents

Word provides two methods for inserting a table of contents into a document: you can use a predesigned table of contents, which produces an accurate but fairly limited result, or you can create a table of contents using the **Table of Contents** dialog box.

The **Table of Contents** dialog box is a more advanced method and offers you greater control over the content and appearance of the table of contents. To customise the table of contents (e.g. specify the number of heading levels to use, select an alternate tab leader character, change the style of the text in the table of contents) you will need to use the **Table of Contents** dialog box.

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